

## Global Criteria: Water Availability and Quality

Revision Date: December, 2018

**Strategic Intent:** Water availability, as well as water quality is managed responsibly throughout the dairy value chain.

**Indicators:**

1. Effluent management plan (EMP) adopted to minimize impacts to water quality;
2. Water use efficiency for production and processing is measured.

**Theory of change:** A well-developed effluent management plan will help maintain the quality of surface and groundwater by minimizing the negative impacts of effluent discharge containing organic matter, nutrients, salts, or chemicals and by minimizing erosion from effluent discharge. Measuring water use efficiency will allow farmers/facilities to benchmark water use and track improvements to help ensure water availability is managed responsibly.

**Reporting Strategy:** Each participating member organization that has prioritized this criterion will define what constitutes an EMP. Member organizations will report if they have implemented an EMP during the period. Member organizations report water use efficiency, measured as the volume of water (liters) required to produce a volume of product (kg) using the IDF Water Footprinting approach or similar methods. Reporting members must calculate the arithmetic mean plus the range (highest & lowest values) for each part of the supply chain within their organization (producer, processor, retail, etc.). Member organizations at processing level will report water use efficiency, measured as the amount of water (liters) required to produce a volume of product (kg), using the IDF Water Footprinting approach or similar methods. Members must calculate the arithmetic mean plus the range (highest and lowest values) for each part of the supply chain within their organization (producer, processor, retail, etc.).

**Reporting Schedule:** Baseline established 2017

Annual reporting period is calendar year (January 1- December 31)

Reports submitted to DSF by March 31 each subsequent year

**Examples of resources for Effluent Management Plan development and water use efficiency:**

International Dairy Federation (IDF) Water Footprint Approach

<https://www.fil-idf.org/idf-standing-committee-environment/life-cycle-assessment/water-footprint/>

Agriculture Victoria: Managing Dairy Shed Effluent

<http://agriculture.vic.gov.au/agriculture/dairy/managing-effluent/managing-dairy-shed-effluent>



Dairy Sustainability Framework

Dairy Sustainability Framework  
5th Floor, Avenue Des Nerviens 9-31  
1040 Brussels  
Belgium

[www.dairysustainabilityframework.org](http://www.dairysustainabilityframework.org)

National Water Quality Management Strategy: Effluent Management  
Guidelines for Dairy Sheds in Australia, 1999

<http://www.agriculture.gov.au/SiteCollectionDocuments/water/effluent-management-dairy-sheds.pdf>

Effluent and Manure Management Database for the Australian Dairy Industry,  
2008

<http://www.dairyingfortomorrow.com.au/tools-and-guidelines/effluent-and-manure-management-%20%20database-for-the-australian-dairy-industry/>

Dairy Australia Fert\$mart Fertiliser Management Plan:

<http://fertsmart.dairyingfortomorrow.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2013/05/PM.16.001-F.-Smart-Soil-Fertiliser-Management-Plan.-Example-1.pdf>

Dairying for Tomorrow Smarter Irrigation for Profit:

<http://www.dairyingfortomorrow.com.au/tackling-specific-issues/water/smarter-irrigation-for-profit/>

<https://geocatch.asn.au/funding-opportunities/dairy-effluent-management/>